TO INCLUDE CANADA AND WEST INDIES

Sovereignty to Extend to the Nicaragua Canal.

THE PHILIPPINE TARIFF

Representative Boutell of Chicago, who is in Washington, paints a glowing picture | situation, for instance. The United States attitude of the administration he said to a follows that we must govern them; in other Star reporter today:

"In my opinion there is only one logical conclusion regarding the ultimate course of events in the Island of Cuba. The time will come, and it will not be long, before Cuba will be a part of the United States. The wisest minds of the past have been predicting such an outcome, holding that it will eventually be necessary for this country to absorb the island, and I must say that I fully concur in that opinion. Indeed I go a little farther. I think that in time the whole of the West India islands will become ours and that within lifty years the United States will be exerising its sovereignty over every acre of which waterway will have been completed by then. Upon the north I include Canada. This combination is bound to come, I beeve, and the United States will have so expanded in a commercial and industrial use by that time that the absorption of so much territory will be a justifiable pol-

I think that the President has adopted judicious course in returning the work Cuban convention. That convention must adopt the Platt amendment in toto or not at all. There can be no other out-

Effect of Civil Government.

call for an extra session of Congress to enact some measure prescribing a specific schedule of tariff rates all duties collected tween the first of next month and the date must be refunded.

ee no other way out of the dilemma." ied that all goods coming into the country from the islands during that period shall har free of duty. No other inference han that can be drawn from the recent Perto Rican decision. In my opinion it will be held that if civil government is established in the islands without specifying any particular rates of duty goods from there will not be held to have come from foreign country," just as the goods comng from Porto Rico under the Dingley law rated, otherwise the nation will lose all the act as soon as civil government is inaugurated, otherwise the nation will lose all the noney collected upon imports from the Philippines from the time such government is established up to the time when the necessary law is passed. Upon reassembling in December the Sente and House will no doubt immediately get to work upon a measure prescribing tariff rates for the islands. This will settle the whole sub-

The Powers of Congress.

"There is one feature of this whole matter which has, in my judgment, thus far escaped general attention by those who are for our new possessions regardless of the ovisions of the Constitution as applied to the states. Mr. Bryan, however, loses sight of the fact that there is no injunction upon ongress to legislate contrary to the provisions of that Constitution. While the Contitution does not necessarily follow the flag, the decision does not hold that it decolves upon Congress to ignore that instrument and while within its discretion it may, if it chooses, legislate without full direction from the Constitution, there is nothing obligatory resting upon the national legislature to force it to brush the Constitution aside and legislate arbitrarily. On the contrary. I believe that when Congress casses a law establishing a permanent gov ernment for the Philippines, It will be guided largely by the Constitution, and that although there remains the decision that it may enact any law it chooses in the premises, it will be actuated by truly philanthropic and charitable motives and frame a law creating a government as closely as ossible along the lines of our own. apreme Court decision does not compel Congress to ignore the Constitution; therefore it simply gives that body, the direct representative of the people, the power to exercise its discretion. The result of its work will without doubt redound to the benefit of all concerned. If it is seen that the provisions of our Constitution equitably fit the Philippine situation then Congress will not be restrained from ap-plying them. On the other hand, if the interests of both peoples demand a different shade of legislation, then Congress, out of pure philanthropy, can legislate according

A Case in Point.

"For instance, take our war revenue tax law, a measure which is still effective in this country. Can you imagine any action more than the imposition of those taxes upon of an island for the purpose of whose aculsition the law was enacted in this country? Congress, I repeat may not apply our Constitution to the Philippines, but it is not prohibited from doing so if it sees fit."

INCREASES ITS SCOPE. Local Firm to Erect Large Office and

Storage Building. result of ten years of successful business the Merchants' Parcel Delivery, under the management of John L. and T. R. Newbold, has been incorporated under the laws of the state of Delaware, and will be known hereafter as the Merchants' Transfer and Storage Company. A handsome eight-story modern office and storage building will be erected as the permanent stopped in Colorado to visit his daughter. home of the new company on the south side of E street between 9th and 10th streets northwest. The building will be built by the George A. Fuller Company, builders of he Star building and wmard's Hotel, and will be completed about October 1. In in-corporating the management of the old firm loes not change, and the contracts of the ompany will not be affected. The officers of the Merchants' Transfer and Storage ompany are: John N. Newbold, president; John E. McLeran, first vice president; John L. Prosise, second vice president; T. R. Newbold, secretary and treasurer; Thomas Lunlop, general counsel. company are J. Corning, J. Thomas Dunlop, Horace G. Knowles, John E. McLeran, Frank B. Noyes, John L. Newbold, T. R. Newbold, John L. Prosise and Paul Starrett.

DEFECT IN LONG BRIDGE.

Serious Crack Discovered in One of the Main Stringers.

A serious crack was discovered in one of the tw omain stringers in the Long bridge yesterday afternoon. The crack is in the fourth span of the bridge from the draw this city for the erection of an iron fence on the side nearest Washington. As soon as the discovery was made a force of men | School be accepted, the price for the design was put to work to strengthen the span. By working all night with a pile driver. several piles were placed directly under the weak section. No traffic was delayed, and it is considered simply good fortune that the span had not given way under the weight of a train before the defect was discovered vesterday.

Portuguese Cortes Dissolved. LISBON, June 5.-The cortes were dissolved today by royal decree. Elections will be held in October and the cortes will

reassemble January 2, 1902.

A GREATER AMERICA PORTO RICAN DECISION

VIEWS OF FORMER SECRETARY OF STATE JNO. W. FOSTER. Conclusion Meets the Wants of the

Country as to Government of

New Possessions. Former Secretary of State John W. Foster, one of the foremost authorities on international law in the United States, is of the opinion that the country at large is satisfied with the recent ruling of the Supreme Court in the Porto Rican cases. In

speaking on the subject to a Star reporter today Mr. Foster said: "Aside from the legal aspect of the case I deem it fortunate that the court took the position it did. Consider the Philippine of this country's territorial progress. In now has possession of the archipelago. discussing the relations with Cuba and the Having them in our grasp it necessarily words, the legislative branch of the government must enact and the executive must sign laws for their regulation. The decision of the court in the Porto Rican cases clearly and unequivocally delegated such authority to the Congress. It therefore settles the much-mooted point as to whether the Congress had the power to regulate affairs in our new possessions. this reason, I say, the decision was practical and sensible. It will be a great bulwark for those now in power in the future government of our territory in the The exigencies of the situation demanded just such a decision as was ren-

Meets the Wants of the Country.

"There appears to be great uncertainty as to what is the real law of the cases recently decided, but to my mind there seems no doubt that the decision is exactly in accordance with the present needs of the government. In other words, whatever should have been the decision of the court as a legal question, the conclusion reached meets the wants of the country in the matter of the government of the possessions acquired as a result of the Spanish

"It has been suggested that there is a difference in the application of the opinion in the Porto Rican cases to the Philippines. In the case of Porto Rico the power of the Mr. Boutell believes that if civil government is established in the Philippines on July 1, as is now contemplated, without a ance with the terms of the treaty a state of war existed throughout the greater portion of the islands, and the power of the United States did not prevail so generally. in merchandise from the archipelago be- It has been suggested that this situation may alter the legal aspects of the question upon which Congress finally passes such an and that the Supreme Court may not reach the same conclusion in the Philippine cases now pending before the court, which it said Mr. Boutell to a Star reporter this announced in the Porto Rican cases. It is afternoon, "unless the President is satis-Filipino disturbances can legally be recognized as genuine war. This subject is one of importance, and it rests with the court to determine whether it shall be recognized as such, in case of which, it is suggested, the opinion as regards the eastern possessions may differ from that affecting Porto

PROTESTING OKLAHOMA INDIANS. Serious Divisions Reported Among

Them. The following telegram concerning the attitude of the Oklahoma Indians in the matter of opening a portion of their reservations to settlement today was received by the commissioner of Indian affairs.

"ANADARKA, O. T., June 5, 1901. "Lone Wolf's emissaries, Delose and Big Tree, still working to obtain signatures to memorial to President and authority for delegations to come to Washington to employ lawyers to work to defeat opening, who made an examination of the stomach held second council yesterday. Quanah of the Rev. E. S. Phillips of Hazleton, Pa., much deliberation, and you quickly reinclined to criticise the recent decision of the Supreme Court. Mr. Bryan and his followers, I perceive, are claiming that Consumers to logislate the content of the supreme Court the supreme C came to council, going home today declin-ing to have anything to do with the movelose isnot his son, but a nephew, Neither has any influence except upon small following of Lone Wolf who is a deposed

"RANDLETT, Agent."

IMMIGRANT OFFICIALS HERE.

Will Exchange Views on Matters Con-

nected With the Bureau. Upon the invitation of Assistant Secretary Taylor of the Treasury Department all of the prominent immigrant officials connected with the principal eastern seaports of the country will meet here today for consultation and exchange of views on immigration matters generally. The session probably will not extend beyond today. Those here are: Commissioner Thomas Fitchie, New York; Assistant Commissioner Edward F. McSweeney, New York; Commissioner George B. Bdlings, Boston; C. Henninghausen, Baltimore; John J. S. Rodgers, Philadelphia, and John Thomas, Quebec.

Barred Out by a Fraud Order. The Postmaster General, upon the recommendation of George A. C. Christiancy, acting assistant attorney general for the Post Office Department, today directed the Issuance of a fraud order against the Merchants' Supply Company of Cambridgeport, Mass. It is charged that this company advertised that women might make a reasonable sum of money weekly by doing sewing at home, and that applicants for employment were requested to send for an outfit, the price of which was \$2. It is claimed by the Post Office Department that no employment was provided. The operator of the scheme, it was said at the Post Office Department today, was the manager of the Home Employment Company of Bath, Me., which was denied the use of the mails by a fraud order in 1809.

Government Receipts.

Government receipts from internal revenue today were \$1,011,116; customs, \$1,027, 836; miscellaneous, \$126,657. Expenditures,

Secretary Long Expected Today. Secretary Long is expected here this afternoon to resume the direction of affairs at the Navy Department. He left here shortly before the presidential party went west, and on the return of the party Awaiting him is the report of the board of awards, which recently selected the medal of honor of those who participated

Building Permits Issued. Building permits were issued today as

follows: John Cook, three-story brick apartment house at 1211 North Capitol street; cost,

in Cuban naval campaigns.

\$5.500. Adas Israel Cemetery Association, frame mortuary chapel in cemetery, on Hamilton road, near Congress Heights; cost, \$3,000. J. J. Gordon, glass conservatory and re-pairs to 1600 16th street; cost, \$3,000. Charles Lewis, two-story frame dwelling, Forsythe avenue, Whitney Close; cost,

Joseph Krause, two-story frame dwelling, Milwaukee street, Brookland.

Acceptance Recommended.

Engineer Commissioner Beach has recommended to his associates of the District board that the proposal of A. F. Jorss of around the grounds of the Western High selected being \$1.25 per linear foot. Mr. Jorss submitted a number of designs. The fence accepted will be four feet in height. The plans were submitted to the board of that Mr. Wade's accounts are in a satis-education and its members approved the factory shape. Mr. Wade was fifty-five were submitted to the board of

District Buys Life-Saving Nets. A contract has been made by the Commissioners with the manufacturers for six of the life-saving nets, of which test was made yesterday. This action was recommended by Mr. R. W. Dutton, chief of the fire department.

WELCOMED BY THE GOVERNOR.

Members of American Medical Associntion Cordially Greeted. ST. PAUL, Min., June 5 .-- When the general business session of the American Medical Association was resumed today Governor Vansant cordially welcomed the vis-

itors on behalf of the state. Dr. Walker of Michigan presented the report of the joint committee to which had been referred the report of the committee on reorganization, which favored a new constitution and by-laws. The joint committee recommended the adoption of the report with several amendments. Changes suggested apply chiefly to representation, but the general plan of state representa-tion according to the membership is retained.

WORK OF LUTHERAN SYNOD.

Discussion of the Report of the Board of Education.

DES MOINES, Iowa, June 5 .- Reading and discussion of the eighth annual report of the board of education occupied the morning session of the general synod, Evangelical Lutheran Church. A motion to give Carthage (Ill.) College one-third of the board's apportionment for the ensuing two years was discussed at length. It is expected the synod will adjourn tomorrow evening. Following is an abstract of the board's

The eighth annual report of the board of education showed that the total number of students, registered in 1899-1900, was 156 and in 1900-1901. St. The percentage of professing Christianity among them was

The amount received for the work has increased from \$8,700 in 1890 to \$26,903 in 1901. For this constant growth in the support the board was grateful, and it was stated that the schools have in them the promise of a larger growth and greater fruitage if faithfully nurtured by the church. The limitation occasioned by the payment of so small a part of the appor-tionment is deeply to be regretted. "Profound is the conviction that unless the church can be aroused to a truer appre-hension of the function and force of Christian education, and a greatly increased in fluence, she must fall in taking the place she is called to occupy among the organ-ized forces of Christendom. The time has passed when our colleges and seminaries can be sustained with the crumbs of our benevolence. Will we make the adequate response or will we loiter along the way. For a quicker, stronger, steady step for-ward we plead."

GEN. CHAFFEE BACK IN MANILA. He Will Be Gen. MacArthur's Guest While There.

MANILA, June 5.-Major General Chaffee and staff and two companies of the 9th Infantry arrived here today on the United States transport Sumner from Taku. The general was received with a major gener-General Chaffee will be General MacArthur's guest at the Malcanang Palace.

GOES HOME FOR A REST.

Lord Pauncefote Sails on Steamship St. Louis Today.

NEW YORK, June 5 .- Lord Pauncefote, British ambassador to the United States. sailed on the steamship St. Louis today for Southampton. He is returning to England for a rest, and expects to be gone until early in October.

"I look forward to this trip with interest," said the diplomat, "as I shall meet King Edward for the first time since he became king. I shall go direct to London, and after that my plans are uncertain."

Rev. Phillips Was Not Poisoned.

NEW YORK, June 5.-The report of coroner today.

As soon as Stanley was arraigned Coro The public should be informed that wolf is not chief of Kiowas, Dener Bausch said that his hope to hear that realized, and it gave him much pleasure to release Stanley from custody. the shadow had been removed from over chief and at present a leader of a faction of the Kiowas.

Stanley, and he could now go his way. He declared the man discharged.

Stanley shook hands with the coroner, his counsel and the assistant district attorney and witnesses and left the court

DALLAS, Tex., June 5.-Congressman R. E. Burke, who has been ill at his home in this city for the past three months, died today. He was a native of Alabama and was born August 1, 1847. He served four terms as congressman from this district.

Steamship Arrival.

At New York-Friedrich der Grosse, from Bremen.

At Liverpool: Numidian from Montreal At London: Mesaba from New York. At Plymouth: Pretoria from New York Cherbourg and Hamburg. At Queenstown: Teutonic from New York for Liverpool. At Southampton: St. Paul from New

Ailmer Hanan's Yacht Burns. NEW YORK, June 5.-By the explosion of the gasoline engine in the new yacht of Ailmer Hanan at the mouth of the Byrum river, near Port Chester, early today that craft was burned to the water's edge and sank, while the engineer was perhaps fatally injured. A leak in the line tank attached to the engine is thought to have caused the accident. The cost of the yacht was \$20,000.

The Porte Settles With France.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 5. - The French embassy is being felicitated by the officials of the other embassies for securing the settlement of its Armenian mas sacre claims. The porte, June 4, paid over 120,000, the balance of the compensation demanded for French losses.

Benefactor of Churches Dying. CHICAGO, June 5 .- Edward Kimball, retired merchant of this city, famous for his efforts during the past twenty-four years in the direction of raising funds for the relief of debt-burdened churches throughout the United States, is dying at the home of his son here. It is estimated that he has raised fully \$15,000,000 for

church work. Princess Has Plenty of Name. ROME, June 5.- The birth of Princess

Yolande Margherita Milene Elizabeth Romana Maria, daughter of the king and queen of Italy, which occurred June 1, was duly certified to this morning at the Quir-inal, in the presence of the king and other members of the royal family, the state offi-cers, cabinet members and the mayor of

NEW YORK, June 5.-Charles J. Hatch. sixty-one years of age, for many years confidential clerk of the firm of Horton & Co., stock brokers, was found unconscious in his room in a boarding house in this city today.

The door was locked and the gas turned o

thought that he committed suicide owing to

ill health and recent unfortunate speculations in the stock market. Bank Officer Kills Himself. NEW YORK, June 5.-Edgar Wade, treasurer of a savings bank in Sag Harbor, L. I., committed suicide today by shooting. The only reason assigned for the suicide is despondency, resulting from poor health. At the savings bank it was said

James T. Loveless of Twining City has written to the District Commiss written to the District Commissioners com-plaining of the car service on the Ben-ning division of the Washington Traction Electric Company. Inspector Thomas has reported that from personal observa-tion he finds that the schedule in effect meets all the requirements of the travel.

ACT OF A BRAVE MAN

Secretary Gage Writes to a Buffalo Life Saver.

GRAPHIC STORY OF A HEROIC DEED

Presented With Gold Medal Prowided by Congress.

GIVEN WORDS OF HIGHPRAISE

Secretary Gage today mailed a letter to W. W. Griesser of the Buffalo life-saving station, telling one of the most thrilling Death Declared to Have Been Due to stories of life saving heard in many years. The letter, which is as follows, gives the interesting story in full, and is directed to the hero himself:

"I forward herewith a gold life-saving medal awarded you under the provisions of the act of Congress of June 20, 1874, and May 4, 1882, in recognition of your heroic conduct in rescuing a man from drowning on the 21st of November, 1900.

A Gale of Great Velocity.

"The circumstances of the rescue appear p.m. of the day above named, while a gate | crossing." of great velocity, said to have been at times as high as eighty miles an hour, was sweeping across the harbor of Buffalo,

"Surfmen discovered the disaster from the lookout tower, whereupon you promptly launched and manned the lifeboat, which was taken in tow by the tug Mason, and by your direction dropped at a point three-quarters of a mile to the windward of the scows. You then allowed her to drive before the wind to a position just outside the outer line of surf, where you rounded to and let go an anchor, intending by slacking away the hawser to get sufficiently near the scows to make whether the men had escaped or might still

In a Perilous Place.

"The terrible sweep of the wind from which you were wholly unprotected, and the fact that the bottom of the lake at this ·point is mostly-hardpan, caused the anchor to drag so much that in a few moments the lifeboat was in the midst of the heaviest surf, which at times completely buried her. Two great combers broke on board, while a third one caught the bow and threw it high into the air, snapping asunder the hawser and pitching the heavy boat end over end.

"You and all but one of the crew were thrown out, and only after a hard swim reached the land, more than a quarter of a who had been on one of the scows was in a very perilous position among some old piles standing nearly a third of a mile from where you then were. A locomotive of the Lehigh Valley railroad was passing at the time, and the engineer offered to take you and your crew to the place indicated, where you shortly arrived and beheld the halfdrowned man clinging for his life to the slippery piles four or five hundred feet from the shore, the seas constantly breaking over him, so deeply at times that he was entirely lost from sight.

Started to Swim Out.

"The use of a boat was impracticable, and the situation of the unfortunate man was George A. Furgeson, an analytical chemist, plainly such that he must perish unless aid should reach him. There was not time for by experienced men that you could not live to accomplish it, but, nothing daunted, you simply replied. Walt until we try; he can-

not come to us; we will try to go to him.'
"Making one end of the line fast about your arm, you dashed into the lake, accomfar when you were both thrown back upon the beach. Again both set out, but wher about fifty yards on the way a very heavy Greenland against an old pile doing him considerable injury, and then wept him to the land.

Bravely Persisted. "You were still uninjured and bravely persisted in your purpose, being repeatedly

driven shoreward, but gradually gaining ground until, in the course of some fifteen minutes, you reached a pile standing sixty or seventy yards from the beach, where you held on for a few moments of rest. This was the only pause you made during the entire operation of rescue, which consumed three-fourths of an hour. "After somewhat recovering your breath you renewed the battle, and, although se-

verely buffeted and many times beaten back from 100 to 200 feet, you still kept a stout heart. Sometimes when an ugly comber would have lifted you up and carried you rearward on its crest, you dived beneath it, and, taking advantage of the undertow running in your favor, maintained your progress. Physically weaker men could not have endured the strain, while men less brave although of equal strength would long before have given up.

Again Baffled,

"At length, getting sufficiently near, you threw to the man the end of the line, instructing him to make it fast about his body and then to let go his hold of the piling and drop into the water. He had only sufficient strength, however, to secure the line about his wrist, and before he could leap the waves caught and fouled the bight of the line among the piling. At the same time you were thrown nearly a tered your mind that you might fail after

"The imperiled man was begging piteous ly for you to save him and crying out that he could hold on but a few moments longer. To the people on the shore it seemed as though both of you must certainly perish. Baffled, but neither vanquish dismayed, you still persisted, regained your lost ground, and at the end of fifteen minutes of very dangerous work cleared the Then upon your signal the man let snarl. go of the piles, while scores of persons at the other end of the line pulled him with a rush to the beach, where he was picked up unconscious.

"When you were satisfied that no further

mishap was likely to befall him you struck out for the land, which you reached without aid, but so exhausted that you could not stand." Eager hands lifted your prostrate body from the edge of the water. while long continued cheers attested the the hundreds of persons who witnessed it.
"It appears that while engaged in effecting this extraordinary rescue, involving very great courage, physical exertion and mental anxiety. You were considerably in-jured by coming in contact with a floating telegraph pole that passed over you two or three times, inflicting heavy blows upon your back. In view of this fact and all the other extremely adverse circumstances, it would seem incredible, but for indisputable evidence, that you performed the marvel-ous feat, which was indeed effected only at the extreme peril of your life. "I find great pleasure in acting under the law as the medium for the award of the accompanying seld medal, duly inscribed, in token of your self-sacrificing disregard of your own safety and of your devoted heroism in the cause of humanity.'

Appointed Commercial Agent. Mr. Casper S. Crowninshield of this city

son of the chief of the bureau of navigation, Navy Department, has been appointed United States commercial agent at Castellamare di Stabia, Italy, succeeding Mr. Joseph E. Hayden, and has left for his post of duty. Mr. Growninshield held a good office under the American commission at the Paris exposition and received his present appointment soon after his return from Paris.

Bonds Bought by the Treasury. The Secretary of the Treasury today bought \$35,000 4 per cent short-term bonds

F STREET PROPERTY SOLD. Over \$41 Per Square Foot Paid by Mr.

The negotiations for the purchase of F street property have just been closed, and the consideration named is likely to make it of importance as a record. Mr. W. R. Speare has purchased, through Latimer & Nesbit, real estate brokers, from Mrs. Sarah J. Foster, the property at 940 F street northwest. The price agreed upon is

The lot has a frontage of 21 feet 1 inch and a depth of 58 feet, and is improved by a substantial building, which has been occupied by Mr. Speare for the past twentyfive years. It is not the intention of Mr. Speare to make any further change for the present. As the lot contains 1,223 square feet, the price per square foot was \$1.69. This property adjoins on the east the building at the southeast corner of 10th and F streets, recently purchased by Mr. Stilson

JURY RENDERS VERDICT.

Negligence. Special Correspondence of The Evening Star.

BOYD'S, Md., June 4, 1901. The jury which was impanelled at 10 o'clock to investigate the death of Major Alexander G. Davis at Mt. Airy, Md., rendered a verdict as follows:

"We, the jury, find that it was criminal negligence on the part of the B. and O. railroad, which resulted in the death of Major Alexander G. Davis, by the crossing bells being out of order and no evidence from evidence filed in this department to to show that any warning or whistle was have been as follows: About 2:20 o'clock sounded for approaching trains at the

The accident occurred at 6:40 o'clock this morning, the engine running into Major Davis' team and killing him instantly. sweeping across the harbor of Buffalo, two large scows having several men on board broke from their moorings some pletely demolished and the horse so badly two large scows having several men board broke from their moorings some three miles southwest of the life-saving injured that it had to be killed. Mr. Davis was a prominent resident of Ridgeville, Fredward the life swiftly toward the life saving about two miles from Mount erick county, about two miles from Mount Airy and eighteen miles north of Boyd's. He was a veteran of the southern army of the civil war, and took an active part in many of the most prominent battles in the south. He had been married twice, his last wife dying some time ago. Three children survive him. One living at home, one in Vermont and another in Virginia.

The east-bound Chicago and Washington express due in Washington from Chicago at 4:50 p.m., with two engines on it, to make up time on account of a heavy train, met with a slight accident at Cloppers', near Boyd's, at 4:20 this afternoon. Engine 1411, one of the two engines, became disabled by the breaking of an eccentric strap, and was delayed about

STATUS OF THE PHILIPPINES.

twenty-five minutes.

Officials of the War Department Have Nothing to Say Regarding It.

As to the legal status of the Philippines, the officials of the War Department have nothing to say. They do not indicate whether the tenure is to be regarded as one purely military, or whether they have found in the decisions warrant for taking the Spooner act as quite sufficient mile away, where you learned that a man | in itself to justify the establishment of a purely civil government in the Philippines, accompanied by the taxing power, as exhibited in tariff schedules.

The general statement is made that the exercise of authority is to be by virtue of the supreme power reposed in the President; it may be either as commander-in-chief of the United States military establishment or by virtue of the special desig-nation of the Spooner law.

The collector at San Francisco will go on taking up Dingley duties on imports from the Philippines, for the cabinet has satisfied itself that the practice is legal, or, at any rate, the authorities are not bound to otherwise declare in the absence of a de-cision by the highest judicial authority. The failure of the court to announce a decision in the fourteen diamond rings case sition of Dingley duties on goods coming about twenty tons of smokeless powder

find in this case a paralled to the De Lima BIG FIRE IN PEKIN.

Said to Be Raging in the Forbidden City. BERLIN, June 5.-A special dispatch from Pekin, dated June 4, says a great conflagration has occurred in the forbidden city. The Americans and Japanese are barring all access to the quarter involved and de-

talls, therefore, are not obtainable. RECEIVED ARMY BACON.

Contractors Agent Claims It Was Held as Security. MANILA, June 5.-Testifying in his own

behalf today, Harold M. Pitt, manager of Honolulu have grown out of the investiga-Evans & Co., government contractors, who tions of the grand jury summoned by Ciris being tried on the charge of improperly cuit Judge Humphrey to investigate purchasing government stores, admitted rerows fifty cases of bacon, but claimed this was received as security for money advanced to Barrows.

BOER FORCE DEFEATED.

Gen. White Drives Kritzinger Back With Loss. CAPE TOWN, June 5.-The garrison of Jamestown, Cape Colony, which surrender-

ed to Kritzinger's command Sunday, June 2. numbered sixty men in all. Kritzinger's force is estimated to have totaled 1,000 men. The British killed twelve and wounded fifteen Boers before they were overpowered by numbers.

ALIWAL NORTH, Cape Colony, Tuesday, June 4.—Colonel White's column came in contact with Kritzinger's command northeast of Jamestown June 3, drove the Boers back, captured fifty horses and munitions and recovered the stores looted from Jamestown.

A BAD STATE OF AFFAIRS.

Poor Crops and Trade Depression Re ported by Consul Furniss. United States Consul Furniss, at Bahia, informs the State Department that the financial condition of his consular district has assumed such a serious aspect as to warrant a special report to the department. What has been the greateast financial

crisis ever known in that section has been

foreshadowed in previous reports from Mr.

Furniss, although improvement, instead of the present marked depression, was looked tributed to several causes. In the first place, the long-continued drought in the agricultural regions cut short crops for home consumption, and necessitated the importation of food stuffs from neighboring states, and reduced the income of the section by diminishing the export trade, which is its mainstay. Whole sections, says the consul, became depopulated, cat-

tle, and even people, dying by the wayside

and local governments had to contribute for the support of the destitute.

The federal government's financial policy is also held accountable for the prese The consul states that in the government's attempt to elevate th gold value of the paper currency it has materially decreased the paper value of exported products, and with the lowering of the gold prices of coffee, sugar, cocoa and tobacco it often costs the producer more to gather his crop and get it to market than he can hope to receive, while his money buys little more than of gold. Federal taxes have been extended until almost every purchaseable article has a stamp on it, and it is necessary to put

and on bills posted on fences.

Then, too, the increase in the already high tariff on imports, it is stated, has con-tributed to a general bad state of affairs, under which the financial condition of the Union has apparently improved, although the condition of Consul Furniss' state and district has steadily grown worse.

It behooves United States merchants, says the consul, to make inquiry as to the present status of their prospective custom-ers in Bahia before entering into any extensive business with them.

stamps on price cards displayed in stores,

on calendars containing any advertisement,

It is reported in Kingston, Jamaica, that stamped out. Several of the leaders were

EXPLOSION CAUSES DEATH FINANCE AND TRADE

TWO BROTHERS FATALLY INJURED LAST NIGHT.

Christina Haldeman, No. 1733 Pennsylva-

nia avenue northwest, about 6 o'clock

last evening, resulting in the serious injury

of four men, one of them, Samuel E. Hal-

deman, dying at the Emergency Hospital

brother, Franklin Haldeman, dving at his

home, No. 1017 20th street, at 2:30 o'clock this

the establishment, and Frank Baker, a

colored porter, were seriously burned. Tol-

son is under treatment at the Emergency

Hospital. Baker, who was burned only

about the arms, was able to return to work

The several men named were about fin-ishing their day's work and were preparing

to close the establishment when the explo-sion occurred. A large quantity of gaso-

line is used in connection with the work of

cleaning clothing, the fluid being kept in a building in the rear of the main structure.

One tank in the building, it is stated, holds more than fifty gallons of the fluid, but

fortunately this tank did not figure in the explosion. Clothing intended to be cleaned

is put in gasoline that has been heated, it

is stated, and then they are wrung by hand. The fluid so used is returned to the

storage tank. When the garments are re-lieved of dirt and grease in this way they

are put through another process before finally reaching the drying room. Yester-

ing garments and the clerk and porter

Cause Not Known.

In just what manner the explosion was

caused is not known, but it is believed the

fumes of the gasoline were ignited by the

heat from the furnace. The explosion

came so suddenly that the men had no

warning, and were unable to save them-

selves from the flames. Many people on

the street and in the neighboring build-

ings heard the loud report, and hurried to

the scene of the fire. The two sons of the

proprietress were taken from the building and carried to a store in the neighborhood

to await the arrival of a physician and an ambulance. Dr. Charles E. Hagner, who

was near the scene of the explosion, ren-

dered temporary aid to Samuel L. Halde-man and advised his immediate removal to

a hospital. His injuries were such that the physician thought he could live but a few

nours at the most. Samuel Haldeman and Tolson were taken

to the hospital together, and Drs. Bragonier and Stuart took charge of them. Halde-

man's burns, it was believed, were neces-

sarily fatal. He was burned about the head, face, arms and body, while Tolson's

face and arms were badly scorched. Frank-

lin Haldeman's injuries were somewhat

brother, who was also married, since the

this morning and made an investigation of

the circumstances attending the fatal acci-

and gave a certificate of accidental death

The body was removed from the hospital

to Gawler's undertaking establishment this morning to be prepared for burial.

mother's home, 1733 Pennsylvania avenue

SMOKELESS POWDER IGNITES.

Total Loss.

the Mare Island navy yard containing

action. The powder did not explode, but

generated enough gas and smoke to force

the top off the magazine. The powder is

It is far removed from the black powder.

and there is no danger of an explosion. The magazine is a fine one, constructed in

1857, at a cost of several hundred thousand

dollars. It will be a total loss. It is lo-cated on the end of the island, and there

seems to be no danger of an explosion or

of damage to any of the buildings on the

SENSATIONS AT HONOLULU.

Three Prominent Attorneys Arrested

for Contempt of Court.

HONOLULU, May 28, via San Francisco,

June 5.-Sensations that have deeply stirred

Last Saturday three of the best known

lawyers of Honolulu-Gen. A. S. Hartwell,

W. A. Kinney and S. M. Ballou-were sen-

tenced to thirty days in jail for contempt

of court by Judge Humphreys, but before

they reached the prison all were released

by pardon by Acting Gov. Cooper.

The sentences were on account of an af-

fidavit which the attorneys attempted to

WALDERSEE LEAVES CHINA

on Cruiser Hertha.

Naval Orders.

cruiser Hertha for Kobe, Japan.

Academy to the Massachusetts.

falo and placed on waiting orders.

Surgeon L. W. Curtis to the Buffalo.

Wife's Petition for Divorce.

2 per cents, coupon.
3 per cents, coupon.
3 per cents, coupon, 1908-1928.
4 per cents, coupon, 1908-1928.
4 per cents, registered, 1907.
4 per cents, coupon, 1907.
4 per cents, registered, 1925.
5 per cents, registered, 1928.
5 per cents, registered, 1904.
5 per cents, registered, 1904.

OHICAGO, June 5 .- Grain:

CHICAGO, June 5.

Grain, Provisions and Cotton Markets.

on waiting orders.

S. Bogart, jr.

charges of bribery in the legislature.

became ignited this morning by cl

now slowly burning up.

island except the magazine.

The funerals will take place from their

dent. He deemed an inquest

day the Haldeman brothers were

were near them when the crash came

after his injuries had been dressed.

about 6:50 o'clock this morning, and his

Realizing Sales. Two Other Men Seriously Burned-Coroner Regards an Inquest LIST WAS STRONG IN SPOTS Unnecessary.

An explosion of gasoline occurred in the cleaning and dyeing establishment of Mrs.

Stocks Were Irregular Under Early

Rock Island Was the Feature. Gaining 5 Per Cent.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

afternoon. Gilbert Tolson, a clerk in Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

NEW YORK, June 5.-Trading in today's stock market was very irregular in tone and gave evidence of a desire to realize on the more prominent issues of the last week. London advices reflected a similar tendency and helped in directing the local market

toward a slightly lower plane.

The usual quota of interesting rumors were in circulation, and a few of them found reflection in the course of prices. Denver issues were especially strong, both here and in London, on a report that evo-shares of this stock would be exchanged for one of Missouri Pacific.

This report served to attract attention

again to the southwestern group and buy-ing as good as any in the market followed. Atchison was again in demand by strong interests and many rumors were circulated in explanation of the rise. One rumor that gained some headway was to the effect that Union Pacific would lease the property and guarantee dividends on an advancing scale until 6 per cent was reached. Interests identified with the best buying of Atchison continue to show a preference, for the story, associating the property with Pennsylvania. To this end the latter stock is being bought by those interested in marking up Atchison. Rock Island is also regarded as figuring

in the Atchison transaction, but the scarcity of the stock is sufficient excuse for its wide fluctuations.

The feature of the last hour was a sharp advance of 5 per cent in Rock Island in the face of a reaction in the general market. The railroad list outside of the specialties failed to make any headway, and seemed to reflect a desire to take profits on specula-tive holdings. Union Pacific and Southern Pacific are freely absorbed by the leading banking interests, and are expected to the subjects of interesting announcement

later in the month. American Tobacco and the Continental Tobacco issues were also prominent in the rumors of the day, and gained something from such reports. Indications now point to the incorporation of a new company to take over the two properties named, issuing new securities in payment. The present idea seems to be that the Continental Company will be taken in at about one-half the rate paid for the American Company. Ten thousand dollars par value in a new 4 per cent security and double that amount are the respective proportions, according to board room gossin.

similar to those received by his brother.

Samuel Haldeman was twenty-three years old and was married, having one child. He had been associated with his to board room gossip.

The industrial group as a whole declined during the selling in the railroad list, but the declines were not material. Sentiment is mainly favorable, but the impression is mainly favorable, but the impression prevails that the market would be safer for a setback. Professional traders are well organized, and some short selling is to be expected on all rises. While the market shows the presence of contending factions, the buying on the decline shows no signs of decreasing. Money is easy, and many bankers believe it will continue to be for an indefinite period. Stocks are in strong hands and cannot be disiodged by professional hammering. death of their father, several years ago. Coroner Nevitt viewed the body of Samuel

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

New York Stock Market. Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., bankers and brokers, 1419 F st., members New York stock exchange, correspondents Messrs. East denburg, Thalmann & Co., New York.

Open. High. Low. Closs. Magazine at Mare Island Navy Yard a VALLEJO, Cal., June 5 .- A magazine at

Amaigamated Copper 122% 122% 129 Amer. Car & Foundry 28% 30% 28% Am. Car & Foundry, pfd. 83% 85 83% Sugar. American Tobacco-Baltimore & Ohio, pfd BrooklynRapid Transit... 205 Chic. & Northwestern.... 205 C . M. and St. Paul 167% 23% 103 223% 108 Col. Fuel and Iron..... Consolidated Gas. Delaware & Hudson..... Erie, 1st Illinois Central... Metropolitan Traction... 1737 Manhattan Elevated.... 1234 Missouri Pacific... 1204 1981, 1781, 1201, 1164, 12014 M., K. a T., pfd., New Jersey Central 1585 1595 New York Central 1585 1595 N Y. Ontario & Western 39 39 Northern Pacifi Northern Pacific, pfd.... 974 Pennsvivania R. R. Southern Pacific. outhern Railway.

Tenn. Coal and Iron.... read and file in Humphrey's court to show, on motion for a change of venue, the judge's personal bias against Editor Smith Union Pacific . 8 Leather J. S. Leather, pfd.... of the Advertiser, who was indicted by the grand jury for perjury. In the storm raised by these proceedings the grand jury's in-vestigations of the bribery charges have been lost sight of, but the jury is still in Wabash pfd... Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales—regular call. 12 o'clock m.—Capital Traction 4s, \$1,000 at 108%. Washington Traction and Electric 4½s, \$1,000 at 66½. Union Trust and Storage, 3 at 110. Capital Traction, 20 at 103%, 50 at 103, 20 at 103%, 100 at 104, 100 at 104, 20 at 103%. 10 at 103%. 10 at 103%, 10 at 103%, 20 at 103%, 10 at 103%. Mergenthaler Linotype, 10 at 171%, 10 at 171%. Lanston Monotype, 100 at 2%, 25 at 2%. After call—Georgetown Gas. 4 at 70. Capital Traction, 40 at 104. Washington Traction and Electric 4½s, \$1,000 at 67, \$2,000 at 68, \$1,000 at Washington Stock Exchange. German Commander Sails for Japa BERLIN, June 5 .- Count von Waldersee left Taku vesterday on board the German Lieutenant C. W. Dyson has been detached from the Massachusetts and placed Lieutenant J. L. Gow from the Naval Surgeon F. J. B. Cordeiro from the Puf-Commissions have been issued to Com-mander C. P. Rees, Lieutenant Commanders F. C. Bleg and F. W. Bartlett, Lleutenants F. L. Chadwick, R. I. Curtin, A. E. Kalbach and E. McCauley and Surgeon E.

Central, 230 bid. Farmers and Mechanics', 215 bid. Second, 165 bid. Citizens', 170 bid. Columbia, 170 bid. 180 asked. Capital, 158 bid. 170 asked. West-End, 125 bid. 129 asked. Traders', 135 bid. Lincoln, 123 bid. 125 asked.
Raliroad Stocks.—Capital Traction, 163% bid. 104 asked. City and Suburban, 35 asked.
Insurance Stocks.—Firemen's, 30 bid. 34 asked. Franklin, 43 bid. Metropolitan, 76 bid. Corcoran, 60 bid. Potomac, 70 bid. Arlington, 28 bid. German-American, 210 bid. National Union, 9 bid. 9% asked. Columbia, 11 bid. 11% asked. Riggs, 7% bid. 81% asked. People's, 6 bid. 6½ asked. Commercial, 4 bid. 5 asked.
Title Insurance Stocks.—Real Estate Title, 85 bid. Columbia Title, 4% bid. 5 asked. Washington Title, 3% bid. 4% asked. District Title, 5 bid. Telephone Stocks.—Chesapeake and Potomac, 68

bid, 76 asked.

Gas Stocks.—Washington Gas, 59% bid, 60 asked.

Georgetown Gas, 67 bid, 70% asked.

Miscellaneous Stocks.—Mergenthaler Linotype, 171% bid, 171% asked. Lanston Monotype, 13% bid, 14% asked. American Graphophone com., x9% bid, 9% asked. American Graphophone pref., 11% bid, 11% asked. Pneumatic Gun Carriage, 07 bid, 10 asked. Washington Market, 15 bid, Norfolk and Washington Steamboat, 165 bid, 180 asked.

x Ex. dividend.

Baltimore Markets

debt., B. 105 bid. Columbia Railroad est. Indebt., B. 105 bid. Columbia Railroad 2d mert. 5s. 105 bid.
121 asked. Columbia Railroad 2d mert. 5s. 105 bid.
110 asked. Washington Gas 6s, series A. 110 bid.
Washington Gas 6s, series B. 110 bid. If. S. Electric Light deb. imp. 6s, 104 bid. U. S. Electric Light cert. indebt., 6s. 108 bid. Chesapeake and
Potomac Telephone 5s, 105½ bid. 106½ asked.
American Security and Trust 4s, 100 bid. Masonic
Hgil Association 5s. 105 bid. American Graphophone deb. 5s, 97 bid.
Safe Deposit and Trust Companies.—National Safe
Deposit and Trust, 145 bid. Washington Loan and
Trust, 170 bid. American Security and Trust, 218
bid. Washington Safe Deposit, 59 bid. Union
Trust and Storage, 109 bid, 110 asked.
National Bank Stocks.—Bank of Washington, 400
bid, 450 asked. Metropolitan, 765 bid. S50 asked.
Central, 230 bid. Farmers and Mechanics', 215 bid.
Second, 165 bid. Citizens', 170 bid. Columbia, 170
bid, 180 asked. Capital, 158 bid. 170 asked. West Postmaster at Blue Mountain, Md. P. S. Flynn was today appointed postmaster at Blue Mountain, Washington county, Md., vice J. P. Shannon, dead. On the ground of alleged unreasonable,

wicked and malicious treatment of her by the defendant and ultimate desertion, Mary F. Clark has petitioned the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia to grant her a divorce from Howard Clark.